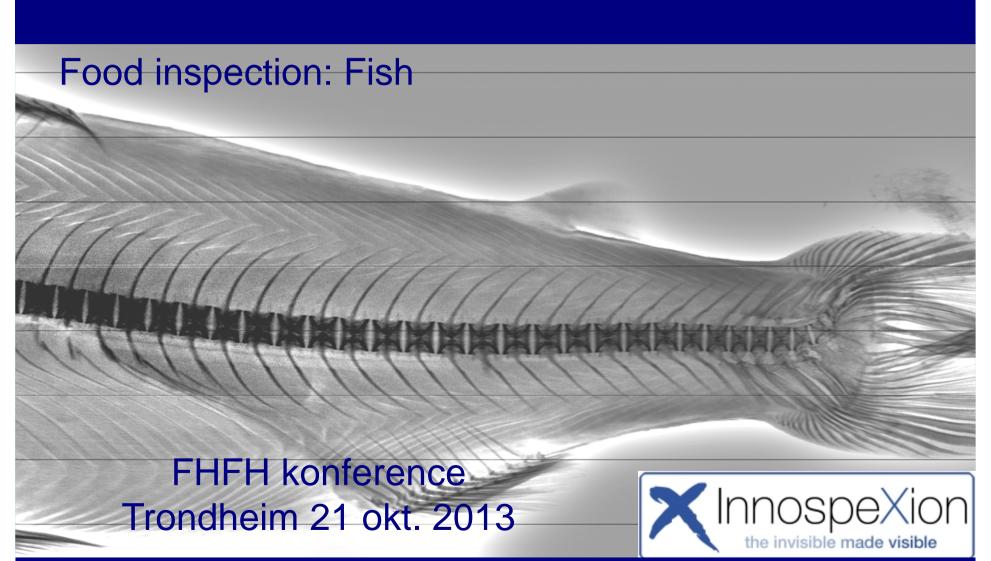
Innovative X-ray Solutions



Innovative X-ray Solutions INNOSPEXION



X-RAYS: Our business

InnospeXion uses the knowledge on X-ray interaction with matter to develop innovative techniques for inspection and characterisation, by imaging or by measurement of the spectrum of transmitted or scattered radiation. Since 2000, we have applied these principles for non-destructive testing services, prototype characterisation, manufacturing prototyping and for the continuous development of state-of-the-art industrial solutions. Since 2003, we have supplied intelligent and unique on-line, at-line or off-line x-ray based solutions to improve the productions cost-effectiveness. The main success product is the low energy X-ray inspection systems that was awarded the Innovation Award 2007

Low energy X-ray inspection: 2007

The new MCIS from InnospeXion



Low energy X-ray inspection: 2009

The HYMCIS from InnospeXion



Second generation:

Hygienic design Full PLC control



Low energy X-ray inspection: 2010-2011

The HYMCIS from InnospeXion



Available in tailored versions from 150 to 1600 mm conveyor width:

Hygienic design
Full PLC control
0.1 mm detection
Ultra high sensitivity

Low energy X-ray inspection: 2011-2012

The HYMCIS from InnospeXion



Third generation:

PLC master - Versatile I/O design Various Conveyor widths Tailored design options



Low energy X-ray inspection

The HYMCIS from InnospeXion

(probably) The worlds most sensitive, and highest resolution, X-ray systems for on-line control at manufacturing speeds up to 120 m/min

Danish engineering – Made in Denmark





Low energy X-ray inspection

The HYMCIS from InnospeXion

What's that to do with fish?



The ordinary X-ray systems are not - in general - suitable for fish bone detection. There are two main reasons:

1. The systems operate with a pixel size of 0.4x0.4 or 0.8x0.8 mm. This resolution is too coarse for fish bones. We use a special technology involving 0.1 x 0.1 mm resolution.

2. The systems use a detector that converts the X-ray information "image" using a crystal

called Gadox, Gadolinium Oxysulfide. This material is however only effective at X-ray energies above 25 kV. But the contrast between meat and bones in fish is unfortunately optimal at a LOWER energy. Therefore the traditional X-ray systems have difficulty in detecting fish bones, EXCEPT when these are very large, typically mm-sized in diameter.

Our technology is very different as we use a detector that is effective from about 5 kV, meaning that we actually gets a very clear image even of tiny bones.



FACTS

- → The lower the X-ray energy (in KeV), the better the contrast;
- → The smaller the pixel dimension, the better the spatial resolution
- → Röntgen unveiled the potential for low E X-rays a century ago

CONTRAINTS

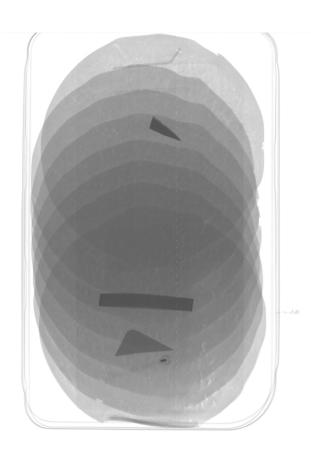
- → Low energy X-rays are easily absorbed also by air!
- → When a pixel is small, it receives very little "light", or radiation. Hence, the SNR in a low E X-ray image may be very poor
- → For industrial automation, line speed may be high. Hence, even less radiation is received per pixel per time unit.

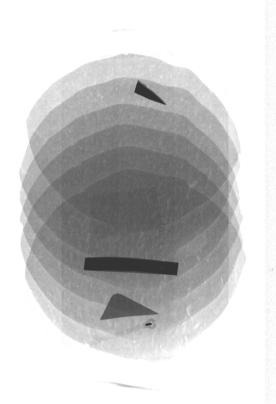
THE SOLUTION

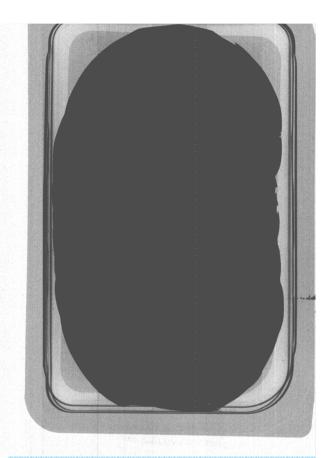
- → Very stable X-ray source
- → Very high quantum efficiency detection technology
- → Design that limits the physical constraints

X-ray imaging at high speed: Solutions offered by Low-Energy X-rays





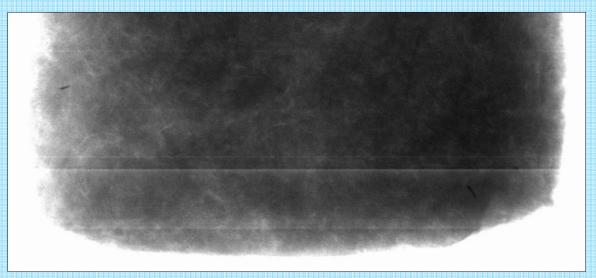




WORLD CLASS X-RAY IMAGE QUALITY











FISH BLOCKS - 4-5 CM THICK TUNA

