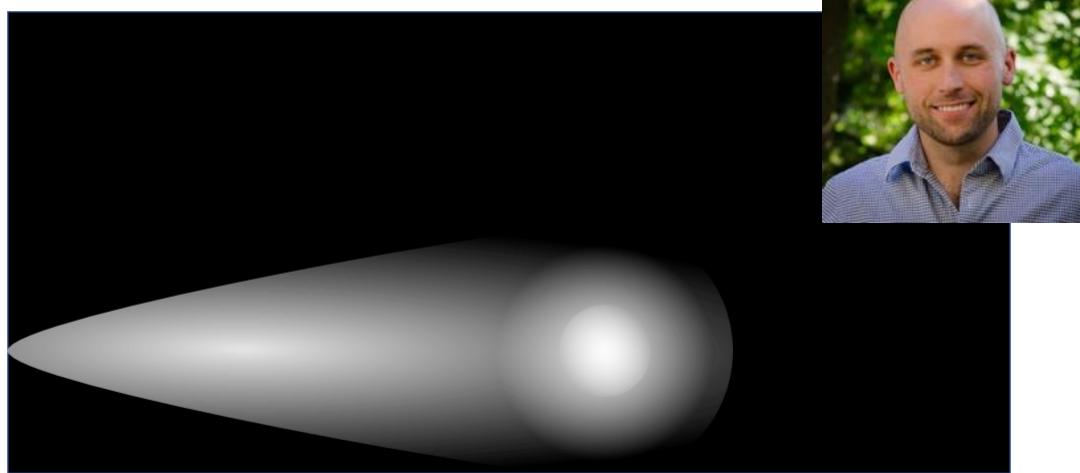
Luselarver med refleksvest



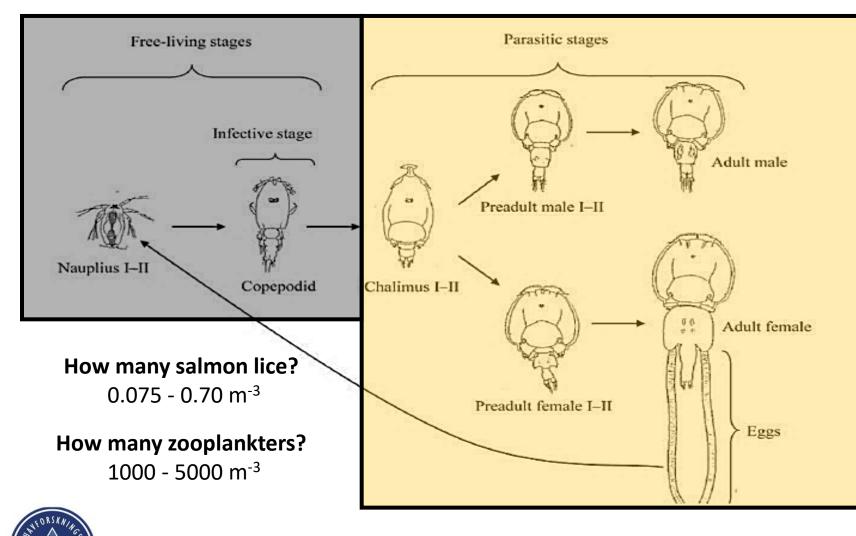


Sussie Dalvin, <u>Cameron Thompson</u>, Samantha Bui, Rasmus Skern-Mauritzen



Monitoring Focus

(Wild fish, Farmed fish, Sentinal Cages)



'Black Box'

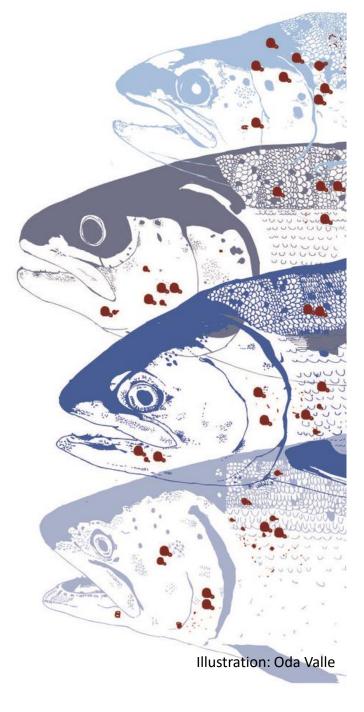


Figure 1. Developmental stages of Lepeophtheirus salmonis (modified from Schram, 1993). (Okechukwu et al 2013)

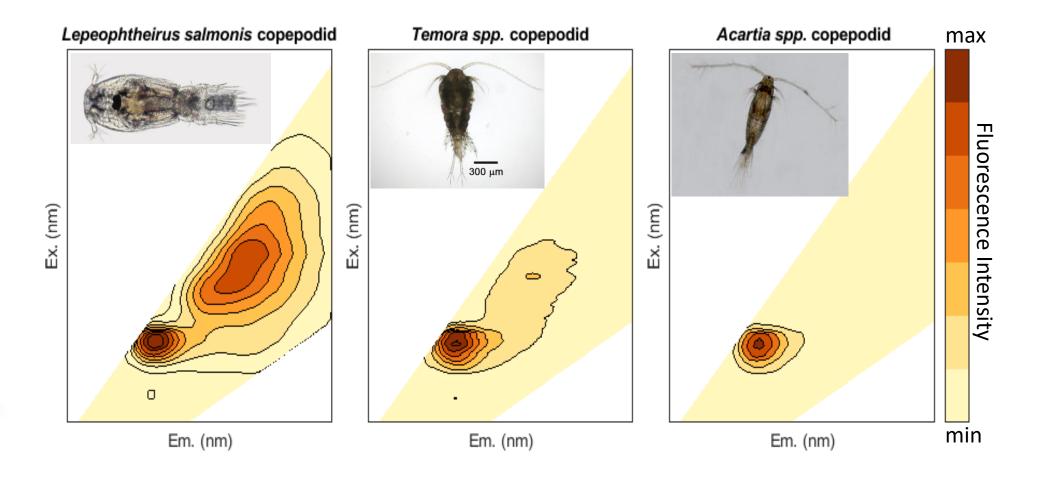
Why is the black box important?

- Larval dispersal is governed by depth distribution
 - Depth distribution is influenced by salinity, pressure and light
 - Integration in nature?
- Present field estimates of larval abundance are indirect
 - Count lice on fish to investigate copepodid distribution
- Fluorolice: Aim to develop a method for reliable and rapid enumeration of planktonic stages

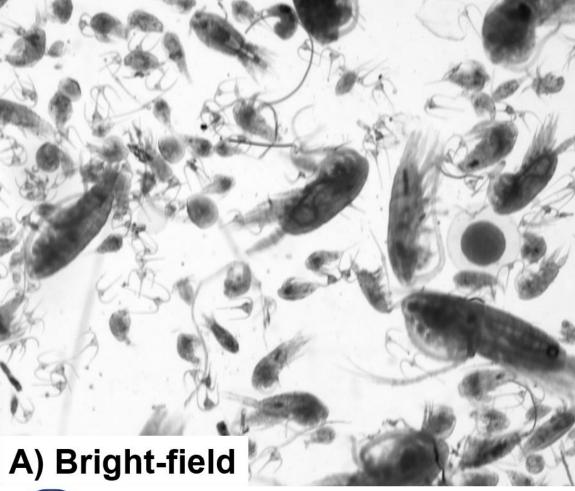


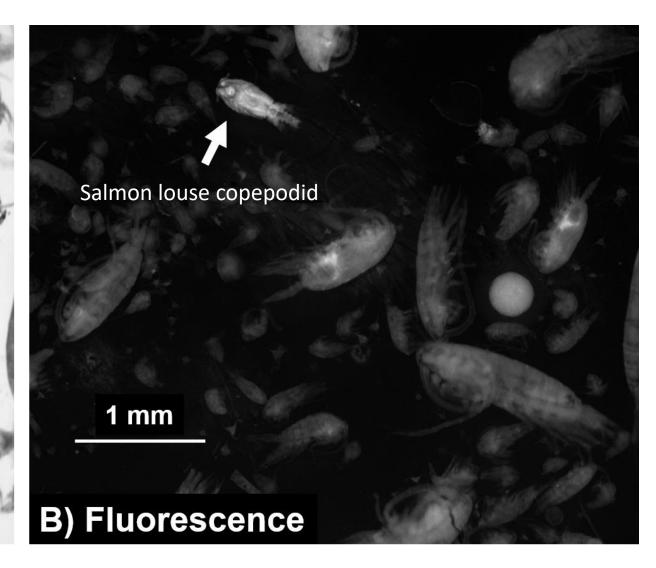
Finding the right light

- 3D fluorescence spectrometry: create fluourescence fingerprints (EEMs)
- Identify peaks with the greatest fluorescence difference

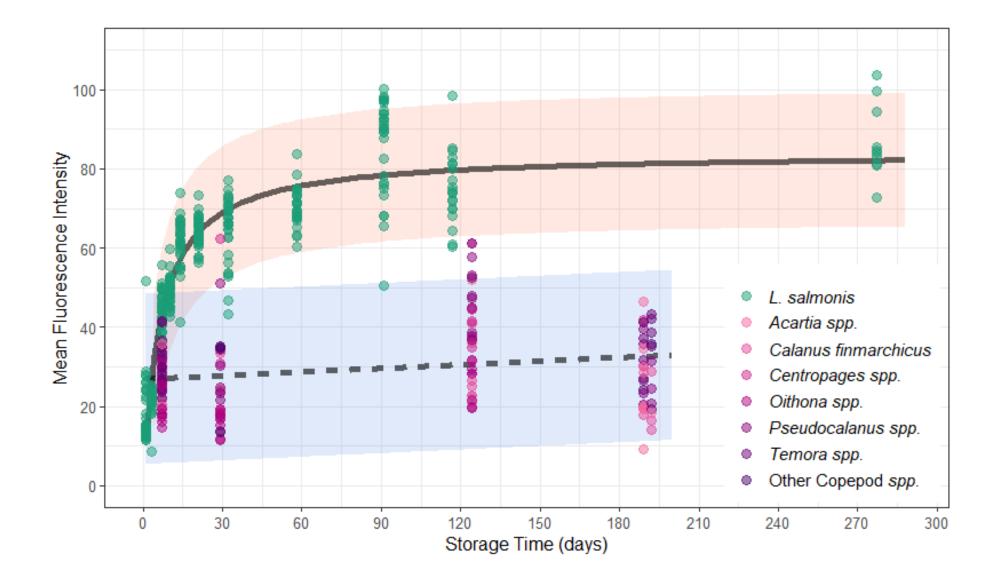






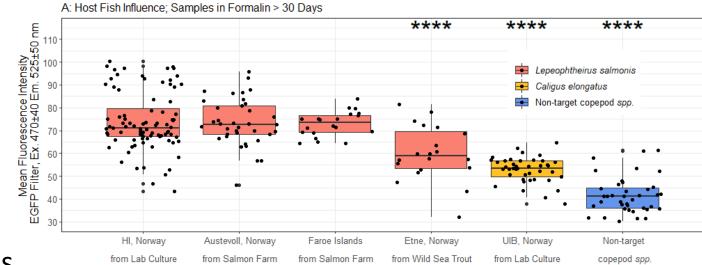


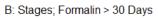




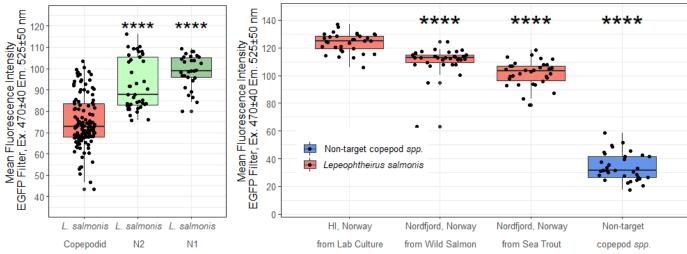


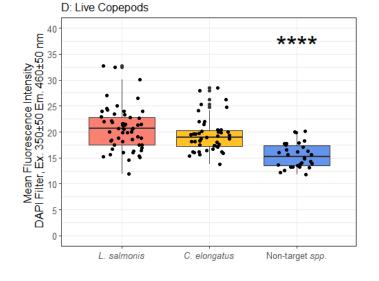
- Salmon lice are the brightest
- Naupli are brighter than copepodids
- Storage in formalin can be shortened by heat treatment
- Method does not work on live animals



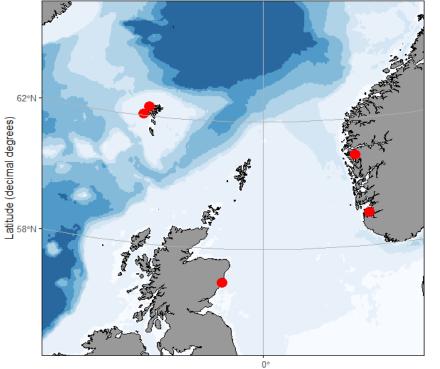


C: Formalin Heat Treatment at 42°C for 7 Days





Ring Test



Longitude (decimal degrees)

59 zooplankton samples, 5 sites, 2 seasons



12,000 zooplankters per sample, 1 – 24 salmon lice, 3 counters (labs)

82% success, 20 min per sample (12000 animals)

Received: 15 November 2021 Revised: 14 December 2021 Accepted: 9 January 2022

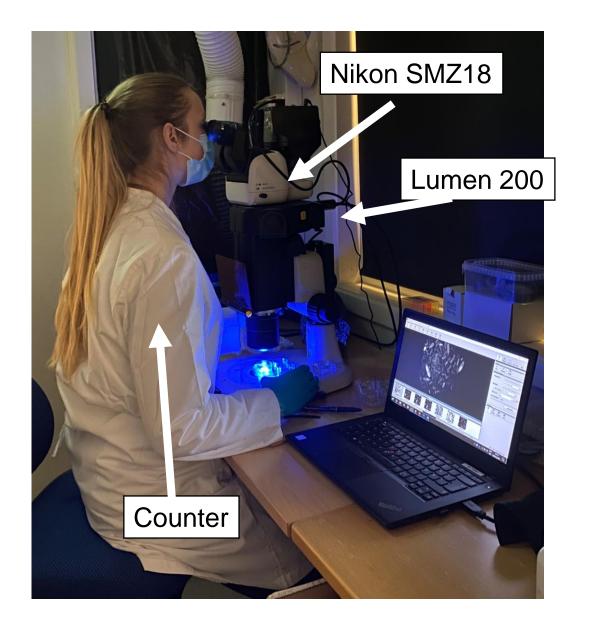
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ORIGINAL ARTICLE



A novel method for the rapid enumeration of planktonic salmon lice in a mixed zooplankton assemblage using fluorescence

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Problem solved?

- Analysis bottleneck successfully addressed :
 - With appropriate equipment sample analysis is no longer the limiting factor.
- A new bottleneck has emerged:
 - Acquiring samples of sufficient size and with appropriate parallels
 - Making analysis commercially available

